

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. IV.]

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1804.

[No. 1123.]

Public Sale.

ON FRIDAY next,
At 10 o'clock, will be sold at the Vendue Store
R. U. M.

In hds. and bls. French Brandy in pipes,
Gin in pipes and bls.
Whiskey and Apple Brandy in bls.
Sugar in hds. tierces and bls.
Chocolate
White and brown Soap and
Mould and dipt Candles
Raisins in kegs, boxes and jars,
Fig in kegs and frails,
Queen's Ware in crates,
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c. &c. ALSO,
A Variety of DRY GOODS,
among which are
Cloths, Coatings, Kerfemeres,
Duffel, Flannel, Negro Cottons,
Cambric, Mullin, Yarn Stockings,
Chintz and Colicots,
Irish Linen, Silica de
Omaburgs and Tickenburgs,
Mushin and Mushin Handkerchiefs,
India Muslins and Table Cloth,
Bandanna Handkerchiefs,
Coloured Threads, Hats and sundry other
articles.

Philip G. Marsteller.

August 29.

FRESH FRUIT.

JOHN A. BURFORD,

Late Dylon's Store, Prince Street, has this day
received, per brig Rachel from Cadix, brig
Brothers Return from Amsterdam, and sch'r
Sparrow from Antigua,

4000 lbs. soft shell'd Almonds,

3000 Oranges,
30 bls. Limes, packed in their natural foil,
49 boxes Muscadell and Bloom Raisins, by
the box or retail,
Fresh Lemons,
Sherry Wine of a superior quality,
And real Holland Gin.

Has always on Hand,

A general Assortment of GROCERIES, DRY
GOODS, &c.

The above articles are all in good order
and of excellent quality.

Aug. 22.

ARMINIAN SKELETON.

Subscriptions are received at the Book Store of
COTTON and STEWART, for a BOOK en-
titled,

THE SKELETONS:

Or, the Arminian Anatomized, and
The Carnal Preacher Dissected.

In two Parts.

Part I. The Arminian, or doctrine of Univer-
sal Charity pursued, taken, examined, tried, con-
demned, executed, and anatomized.

Part II. The Carnal Preacher Dissected,
with comments on several dark passages of scrip-
ture. In a series of letters, written at various
times to friends in the country.

Conditions, &c. are left at the above
Store.

It is the opinion of several respectable clergy-
men, that the above book contains the ground
work and principles of genuine piety, as it man-
ifestly proves, from the scriptures of truth, that
the doctrine of free will and universal redemption
is unfounded.

FALL GOODS.

JONAH THOMPSON and SON

HAVE RECEIVED

Per the ship United States from Liver-

pool, a part of their

FALL ASSORTMENT,

and are in daily expectation of the remainder via

the same vessel.

Yesterday forenoon between Messrs.

Ricketts, Newton and Co. here and the Captain

of the ship United States for a seal with a coat of

arms engraved on it. It can be of no use to any

person but the owner. If found and left at this

office, a reward of Two Dollars will be given.

October 18.

CORN

Wanted in the ear at Cameron

Mills, for which a generous price will be given

CASH.

Richells, Newton & Co.

October 9.

JAMES BACON,

AT HIS GROCERY STORE,

King near Washington Street
Has just received from Philadelphia, New-York
&c. an extensive selection of GROCERIES,

consisting of

Gunpowder,

Imperial,

Hyson,

Young Hyson,

Hyson Skin,

Peko, Padra,

Pouchong and

Com'n Souchong

Green coffee of superior quality,

Loaf, Lump and Muscovado Sugar,

W. India and Sugar House Molasses,

Choice old Madeira,

Particular Teneriffe,

Sherry,

Brussels,

Liffe,

Malaga and

Port

Claret in small cases,

Cogniac and Barcelona Brandy,

Old Jamaica Spirits,

Antigua,

St. Croix, and

St. Kitts

Best Holland Gin,

White Wine and Cyder Vinegar,

Best Sallad Oil,

Salt Petre, Allum, Madder, Coperas & Brim-

stone.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves and Cassia,

Cayenne and black Pepper,

Alspice, rice and ground Ginger,

Fig Blue and Poland Starch,

Dixon's Mustard,

Leiper's and Hamilton's Snuff,

Best Chewing Tobacco,

Spanish Segars,

Pearl Barley and Rice,

Shot assorted,

F and FF Gunpowder,

Gun and Pistols Flints,

Single and double Battle do, in papers and

cannisters,

White and brown Soap,

Mould and dipt Candles, &c. &c.

As he has in a great measure laid

himself out for the supplying of private families

and in consequence thereof taken every pains

possible in the selection of his goods, he flatters

himself from their superior quality, and the low

prices at which he will dispose of them, to be able

to give satisfaction to those who will please

to favor him with their custom.

June 11.

FALL GOODS.

JOSEPH RIDDLE and Co.

HAVE RECEIVED.

By the ship United States, from Liverpool,

FALL GOODS,

which will be sold on moderate terms.

Oct. 2.

EULOGY

On General Alexander Hamilton,

Pronounced at the request of the citizens of Bos-

ton, July 26th, 1804, by the Hon. HARRI-

SON G. OTIS, Esq. A few copies just re-

ceived by

R. & J. GRAY,

ALSO—A new edition of Bin s on Practica

Farming, with additions by the Author.

Price 50 Cents.

October 3.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, Jun

HAS FOR SALE,

At his Store, corner of Prince and Union Streets,

Eleven bales of

CALCUTTA PIECE GOODS,

consisting of

Emmerties—Coffahs—Sannahs—Baf-

tahs and Chintz.

600 pieces Nankeens,

100 pieces Bandanna Handkerchiefs,

Mens' coarse and Fine Shoes,

Womens' Morocco and Leather do.

Girls and Boys' do. do.

Red Seal Leather, Upper Leather,

Bags of Black Pepper,

2 facks of Sago,

3 chests fresh Hyson Tea,

2 pipes very fine 4th proof Cogniac Brandy,

2 pipes American Gin,

3 tierces Whiskey,

1 case Wool Hats,

34 bls. No. 1 Beef, and a few

Coils of Cordage.

Oct. 2.

Cash given for Rags.

ROBERT B. JAMESSON,

Offers for Sale.

30,000 lbs. GREEN COFFEE,

18,000 do. Cocoa,

20 hds. Muscovado Sugar,

20 bags of Cotton,

20 punch's fine-flavor'd St. Croix Rum

20 hds. Molasses,

10 pipes Holland Gin,

30 qr. chests of fresh Teas assorted,

10 pipes London P. Madeira

8 do. old Port

4 do. P. Teneriffe

15 qr. casks Sherry, and

4 pipes Brussels

3 hds. green Copperas,

4 hds. Roll Brimstone,

2 hds. Madder,

2 hds. Allum, and

120 boxes Spanish Segars of different

qualities, with most other articles in the Grocery

Line.

May 29.

WE HAVE ON HAND,

and for sale at our store,

Rum, Whiskey, Sugar,

Peach and Apple Brandy } In bls.

Salt of different kinds

Loaf Sugar, and Molasses

Vinegar by the barrel

Mackarel, Herrings and Shad

Cotton by the bag &c. &c.

A quantity of excellent potatoes

And five or six thousand uncommonly good

Cheese.

And continue as usual to keep an assort men

of Bolting Clothes, and to select the best flour

for family use.

Alexander Smith & Son.

The highest price given for country produce

and Flax-seed in particular.

October 10.

JUST PUBLISHED

By Cotton and Stewart, and for sale at their

Book-Store,

English and German

ALMANACS, for 1805.

Which with a general assortment of BOOKS

NO STATIONARY, and other articles in

their line, they will dispose of on the most reduced

prices either wholesale or retail.

October 2.

ENGLISH and GERMAN

Almanacs,

For the Year 1805,

or sale by the gross or dozen, at Robert and

John Gray's Bookstore, King Street.

Sept. 29.

NOTICE.

In consequence of severe indisposi-

tion, J. Watts has retired from the concern of

Bennet & Watts, the business will be continued

by Charles Bennet, until the business of said firm

can be closed.

Charles Bennet,

John Watts.

Nov. 1.

R. & J. GRAY,

Have just received a large supply of

PLAYING CARDS,

For sale by the gross, dozen, or single Pack

October 5.

NOTICE.

I have commenced BREWING

and will have BEER for sale in a few days, and

a steady supply through the season at the usual

prices.

Grains and Yeast at the Brewhouse.

I have got my supply of BARLEY.

Thomas Cruise.

Nov. 2.

NOTICE.

Those citizens who have not paid their

Corporation taxes are requested to pay

the same previous to the tenth day of De-

cember, after that period I shall proceed

to collect the amount, by distress, as the

law directs, without respect to persons.

GEORGE DRINKER, Collector.

October 29.

R. and J. GRAY,

Have for Sale at their Store,

QUADRILL BOXES.

October 10

NORFOLK PACKER

The SUBSCRIBER

intends running the last sailing

Schooner

HARRIOT,

having accommodations equal to

any vessel in the trade, as a constant Packer be-

tween this place and Norfolk. She now lies at

Dunlap and Irwins wharf, is ready to receive a

cargo, and will sail in a few days. For freight

passage apply on board to

JOHN SUTTON.

Or to ABEL WILLIS, at his store on Union

Street.

Oct. 29.

FREIGHT WANTED.—Coastwise

For the Sloop POLLY,

Barthen about 200 barrels of flour,

One to New York, would be pre-

ferred. For terms apply to capt.

Eli Collins, on board, at Vowel's wharf or to

Benjamin Shreve, Jun.

October 29th.

The SHIP

UNITED STATES,

is now in readiness to re-

LIC SALE.

By the 9th inst. at 4 o'clock in
Evening will be sold on the premises.

A Block Maker's Shop.

occupied by Richard Clark, situated on
Street adjoining Thomas White's Black.
Shop—terms will be made known previ-
the sale.

See P. G. Marshall.

3.

curt

fin

co

By mutual content the Co-partner-

ship of *Hackley & Ramsay*, is this day solved;—
those indebted to the concern, are requested to
make immediate payment to William Ramsay,
only, who is fully empowered to receive the same,
and those to whom the concern is indebted, will
please apply to him for an adjournment of their
accounts.

Edward Hackley.

William Ramsay.

WILLIAM RAMSAY,

will continue the GROCERY business
at the same store as formerly. His assortment is
complete, which he offers for sale on the most
reasonable terms.

October 17.

d2w.

SUGAR HOUSE.

The subscribers have on hand at
their SUGAR HOUSE, in Alexandria, LOAF &
LUMP SUGARS AND MOLASSES, or their
own manufacturing, which they sell at the Phil-
adelphia and Baltimore prices.

Brunner & Moore.

October 26.

d8c

NOTICE.

I mean to practice in the Fe

deral Circuit Court of Virginia.

BENJAMIN BOTTS.

October 23.

d4w

THE SUBSCRIBER

Being too old and infirm to have the management
of a Mill, Distillery and Farm,
OFFERS FOR SALE

His Mill, Distillery and FARM,

being about six miles from Alexandria, it con-
tains about Eleven Hundred Acres, three hun-
dred of it low ground and fit for meadow; about
seven hundred acres yet in Wood and well tim-
bered. As there is four settlements on it I will
divide it into three or four parts, if required.—
I want part of the money in hand, and part I
will give time for, by security on the land.

William Hepburn.

October 18.

d3w

JOHN G. LADD.

Has for sale at his Ware House, Prince
Street wharf.

- 15 hds. Muscovado Sugar,
- 3 do. Loaf do.
- 20 puncheons of Jamaica, and St. Kitt's Rum,
- 30 bbls. New-England do.
- 50 pipes Holland Gin
- 5 do. Country Gin.
- 10 Quarter casks Sherry Wine,
- 40 bbls. No. 2, Boston Beer,
- 40 Tierces Rice,
- 6 Boxes Tumblers assorted,
- 2 Hds. Wine Glasses,
- 2 Sets of best English-Glass ware,
- 10 Cases containing complete Dinning sets of
China,
- 10 Boxes Tea Table sets,
- 1 Cafe Bandanna handkerchiefs,
- 10 Bales India Goods,
- 1000 Pieces Nankin,
- 100 Pieces brown and white Russia Sheet.
- 150 Bales Russia Duck,
- 50 do. Ravens, do.
- 3 Bales Russia Diapers,
- 1 Cafe Plavillas Royals,
- A few Russian feather Beds, with bolsters and
Pillows,
- 2 Tons of Cordage assorted,
- 2 Barrels Glauber's Salts,
- Small Anchors and a few tons Bar Iron,
- An assortment of Men and Women's shoes,
- 25 Boxes Playing Cards, and Cotton, and
Wool Cards,
- Coarse Salt; Cheese; Seal Leather; Choco-
late; Cinamon; Nutmegs,
- A few Boxes fresh Tea,
- 20 bbls Cyder Vinegar,
- Dearborn's truly just Patent Balance of all
kinds.

Nov. 1.

d

For Sale, for Cash.

A NEGRO WOMAN and GIRL, the
woman is about 25 years of age, the girl
is about 16. For particulars apply to the
Printer.

October 26.

d

From the CHARLESTON COURIER.

That Duelling has its root in fear cannot
be denied; in the fear of being suspected
of want of valour. And that this fear is not
the fear of nature, reason, or experience,
but of mere corrupt, wicked and stupid
custom, can easily be demonstrated. If it
inherited in our nature, or was the result
of reason operating upon experience, all
nations would have felt it, and most strong-
ly & particularly, of course those who have
stood most eminent in arms, arts and litera-
ture. But the reverse is the case. The
Greeks and Romans who take the lead in
those respects, felt nothing of the kind.
And when we can with truth say that the
Romans never acted upon such a principle
and never practised duelling, we say en-
ough to prove that it cannot reasonably
be considered as being in any sort a con-
stituent part or even a diagnostic of brave-
ry. The modern Romans, for so we may
call Britons, are less given to mortal single
combat than any other people upon earth
—while on the other hand we may oppose,
as converse proofs of our position, the well
known fact, that more men fall in single
combat, (we do not mean assassination,
but in fair single combat) in Spain and
Portugal, than in England, France, Ger-
many, Switzerland, and the northern coun-
tries put together.

We own that where a long established
barbarous custom has established a kind of
general opinion respecting the necessity of
a resort to single combat, the refusing of
a challenge, or the passing over of an insult
may be disreputable in certain circumstanc-
es, and a worthy man may feel himself dis-
posed rather to trust his soul to the mercy
of his God, than his character to the mer-
cy of men. But what does all this prove?
Why it proves only this, that it is the duty
of every brave, wise, and virtuous man, to
get rid of the custom; to irradiate the op-
inion; to extirpate from the very heart and
mind the barbarous notion; and if possible
to wash away from the memory of society
all recollection that it had ever existed.

We say to Americans, or to any other
people upon earth, Vain men! if the re-
publicans of ancient Rome, who never
were dismayed by defeat, and never made
peace or parley with a victorious enemy,
did without duelling, you may very well
dispense with it.

If in looking back upon the history of
man we found that the practice of duelling
was uniformly prevalent in nations distin-
guished for courage and deeds of arms, we
should at least pause upon the subject,
and perhaps set it down among many o-
ther unfortunate propensities, which are
proved to inhere in our nature, or com-
port with our necessities, by their being
common to mankind. But when on the
contrary we find that it originated in an
age, and with a people, the very names of
which imply ignorance, blindness, dark-
ness, and barbarity; and that to the most
wise and brave people, and the most refin-
ed and polished periods antecedent there-
to, it was unknown then, we insist upon it
that there is no one circumstance of rea-
son, or necessity, to palliate the continua-
tion of a practice which every man but an
atheist must allow to be damnable. In
fact, so far is it from arising either from
nature or necessity, that if duly consider-
ed it will appear entitled to stand among
those called unnatural crimes, which though
custom may, and in some countries does
make fashionable, no custom can recon-
cile to morality or virtue, or make other
than criminal.

If we are asked what we would do our-
selves, or advise a bosom friend to do, in
a case of offence, or a challenge, we will
answer, that what an individual would do
under the hard terms which a corrupt cus-
tom and erroneous opinions founded on
it, may impose, has nothing to do with our
argument. It is the custom and the op-
inion that we reprobate, and those ought
by a universal consent to be abolished and
reprobated. Each individual would then
be relieved from the grievous necessity he
imagines himself under of trampling upon
divine laws, out of compliment to his char-
acter and honor.

In despotisms, this horrible practice is
less mischievous, because it is confined to
a department of society which, from the
nature of things, must be very small—we
mean the higher classes. But, in repub-
lics, the mischief extends itself through
the whole people, and in fact, corrupts the
morals, injuring them to blood, and divest-
ing their hearts of humanity.

It is not perfectly philosophical to say,
"we must leave the thing as it is, for men,
though they may disapprove the practice,
will still fight."—As well might it be said,
that because men will commit murder, a-
dultery, fornication, or bestiality with li-

quor, in spite of law or advice, that the le-
gislator and the moralist should leave them
to do so, in despair, without making laws,
or giving monitions against it. Law and
reason exercised unremittently, would frit-
ter away the custom, and with it the op-
inion. The practice would then vanish, of
course; besides, neither the legislator nor
the moral writer are justifiable, if in indo-
lent acquiescence with a false predication,
they desert the strict line of their duty, or
act like timid and conscientiously unskilful
surgeons, who suffer a patient to die a lin-
gering, painful, certain death, from a false
notion that the disease is incurable, and a
selfish fear of using the knife. Those who
say, "it is bad, but we cannot remedy it,"
do worse than nothing—for they add their
weight to the weight of erroneous opinion,
and give further strength and circulation to
a palpable mistake; for it is less than a pal-
pable mistake to suppose that a thing must
necessarily exist, which has but very par-
tially existed, which was long unknown,
and which in some countries, and those
immensely populous and enlightened coun-
tries too, is scarcely dreamed of. What
is this less than to assert that duelling is
inherent in the nature of man? Away with
such notions—they are mischievous when
circulated, and ought to be smothered the
moment they are conceived.

A stranger to the nature of man would
conclude, from this mighty work that is
made about it, that courage was rare a-
mong men, and that a man of valour was,
like a great poet, orator, painter, or musi-
cian, a thing scarce, and difficult to be met
with. In short, "*rara avis, nigroque sim-
illima Cygna.*" But, to the honor of
man's nature, it may fairly be asserted, that
a man destitute of courage is very rarely to
be found. Those who have professionally
had opportunities of forming a judgment
upon that point, will fortify with their as-
sent our assertion, that often in a thousand
men, not one will be found deficient of va-
lour. Some possess more of one kind,
and some of another. Some are highly
gifted and animated with the courage of
sentiment, which incurs the risk, while it
knows the full amount of the danger. O-
thers, from mere animal conformation,
possess a constitutional courage; and o-
thers again, from a hebetude and stupidity
of mind, are fearless, because ignorant of
danger. Few, very few indeed, want one
or other of these kinds of courage; but
it would do no great credit to the friends
of duelling, to see a catalogue of those
men who have rendered themselves most
conspicuous for duel-courage. We do not
hesitate to say, that the most worthless,
and often the most abandoned and infamous
men in the creation, have been most cele-
brated for it. Highway robbers, house-
breakers, and gamblers. A certain black
legs in London, who, like the murderer in
Macbeth, "would do any thing to mend
life or get rid of it," and cared not whose
life, or how many he took, provided he could
supply his vices with full gratification,
made a practice of sitting up with opulent
men of fashion alone, playing at cards with
them, and the next morning insisting he
had won such or such a sum of money from
them, and challenging them, if they refus-
ed to pay him.

He generally chose the timid, and they
knowing his desperate villainy, paid him
the money falsely alledged to be due, ra-
ther than risk their lives; for the fellow,
like a proper human butcher, had brought
himself, by practice, into great perfection
in the art of murder.—Some fought him,
and were wounded. One was killed. As
a duel, it was found not murder. He kill-
ed a second.—The whole of his character
and proceedings came out on the trial, and
he was found guilty of deliberate murder,
and hanged by the neck till he was dead.
Respect for his relatives induces us to sup-
press the name. Here were two innocent
men sacrificed to the abominable custom of
duelling, by a villain, who without one ray
of virtue, was totally regardless of danger,
and fearless of God or man.

In a word, does duelling do less than
put the life or the property and happiness
of every man at the mercy of any ruffian,
who while he has constitutional nerve to
fight, has no principal to prevent him from
doing wrong.

From the Connecticut Courant.

DISSERTATIONS ON THE DECAP- TIVE ARTS OF DEMAGOGUES.

No. VII.

The word *Equality*, as it is used by cunning
demagogues, has had magical effects: it sets
all the colottes, ruffians and beggars in France
a capering; it puts all Europe in commotion,
and threatened to produce a general dissolution
of the bonds of society and to turn the whole world

"upside down." Yet the term equality, stripped
of the magic charm that has been thrown around
it, is an honest word, and may be safely used
even by the soundest republicans.

"All men are endowed by their Creator with
certain unalienable rights." They have equal-
ly a right to protect their lives and reputations,
and to enjoy the liberty of employing themselves
in such regular callings as they choose, and of
using all just means to provide themselves and
families with the comforts of life. They have
equally a right to render themselves respectable
and happy by the wife and diligent improve-
ment of their time and talents. They have equal-
ly a right to the gifts of nature and to all their
honest acquisitions, whether of learning or pro-
perty, and to enjoy, or any way appropriate the
fruits of their industry as they themselves may
deem proper. There are some of the unalienable
"rights of man," in relation to which it has
been expressly affirmed in the declaration of our
national independence, "*That All Men Are Cre-
ated Equal.*" These rights of human nature,
which, under arbitrary governments, are either
withheld or granted with a partial hand, are re-
cognized expressly or virtually by those repub-
lics which acknowledge the people to be the
source of power. While such free republics con-
tinue pure, they are constantly making a practical
acknowledgement of the equal rights of human
nature, by the equity of their laws and the im-
partiality of their courts of justice; meeting the
same measures to the rich and poor, protecting
good citizens and punishing evil doers, without
any respect of persons. In various other respects
men are created unequal, and by the improve-
ment of their talents, as well as by innumerable
providential occurrences, the native inequalities
between them are diversified and considerable in-
creased. Some are endowed with superior gifts
of nature, in the enlarged structure of their
minds. Some are born to the possession of great
fortunes; others in a condition of extreme po-
verty; some are placed by the circumstances of
their birth, in a most favorable situation for
improvement; others in a situation unfavorable.
This order of nature tends to effect a necessary
degree of subordination and at the same time to
diversify the occupations and pursuit of men as
to promote the general interests of society. In
the progress of life, the inequalities of birth are
sometimes reversed; the rich become poor; and
the poor become rich; and native genius laying
dormant, is excited by inferior natural talents,
constantly cultivated and improved. Some are
industrious, enterprising and frugal; others live
in sloth; and others plunge in the fatal gulph of
dissipation. They usually reap what they sow.
Diligence, with good economy, maketh rich;
sloth wasteth; and dissipation leads to poverty.
Yet, if all men were equal in the gifts of na-
ture, in their educations, and in their industry
and prudence; there still would be great inequal-
ities in their circumstances, effected by causes
hidden from their sight and beyond their con-
trol. "The race is not (always) to the swift,
nor yet riches to men of understanding; nor yet
favor to men of skill." It is said by the poet

"There is a tide in the affairs of man,
Which taken at the flood, leads on to fortune."

Some happen to take this tide at the flood;
others, equally or even wiser, miss the favourable
opportunity. More properly, the invisible hand
of Providence sometimes exalts and sometimes de-
presses, beyond all human foresight and con-
trary to all human probability. Now amidst all
the diversity of human talents, amid the constant
fluctuating circumstances of men living under a
free government where every one has the power
of self-direction as to the improvement of his ta-
lents and the pursuits of life the true republican
equality consists in the whole body politic guard-
ing with the same care all its members by enacting
equitable laws and executing those laws with strict
impartiality. This kind of equality is practi-
cable and salutary; it is founded in public and
private virtue; it is the great spur to general indus-
try, and is a spring of life to a free commonwealth.
In such a state of things, the rich and the poor
are equally protected in their persons and they
are at liberty to employ for their own benefit the
faculties which have been given them by the God
of nature.

Modern as well as ancient demagogues, in
their scuffle for power, have bewitched people
and allured to their standard the profligate, the
idle and the needy, by disseminating notions of
such a political equality as is merely the creature
of imagination; an equality unfounded in na-
ture, and that would prove the grave of genius
and industry, the powerful abettor of idleness and
profligacy, and would render civil society mon-
strous, like a body with no head, or having mem-
bers and organs deranged and misplaced.

(To be Continued.)

* Declaration of American Independence.

NEW-YORK, November 3.

The French frigates *La Cybelle* and *La
Didon*, left this port yesterday morning
on their way through the Sound. The En-
glish frigates were at their moorings last
evening at sunset.

Captain Daggett, of the schooner *Fair
Trader*, on the 1st instant, in lat. 39, long.
73, 40, took off the crew of the schooner
Jenny Rhodes, from Richmond for Bos-
ton, laden with 1800 bushels of coal and
400 barrels of flour, which vessel had

spring a leak, and
after being deser-
ed about 100 barn
served.

NORFOLK

Arrived, schr
days from St. Bar
lat. 36, long. 75, s
from Turk's Islan
fell in on the edge
with the pilot boat
of St. Mary's, out
lost her main-ma
The Prussian b
Wibert, 46 days
off the Cape spoke
and from New O
more.

Brig Jane capta
from Port Anton
in distress. OFC
October was board
who robbed him o
a passenger of ten
Schr. William
Spotwood, 34 days
21, in lat. 33, 10,
schooner *Daphne*,
Portola, bound to
49, on soundings s
Maria, Hugin, 14
to East river, wh
before the schoone
from Antigua bou
An English F
Roads yesterday.

In Hampton Ro
the brig *Petersbur*
days from Cowes
Lost in the late ga
mast, quarter bo
rills.

Ship, Alexander
verpool, bound to
ship *New Adventu*
from Figura, bound
in lat. 40, long. 59
Beverly, of Boston
France. Same d
Harriet, from Port
Madeira.

Swedish brig Or
from Valencia. E
Williams, 66 days
In Hampton Ro
Shaw, 17 days from
bound to Baltimore
and schooner *Cere*
in company and hav
Sloop *George*, B
Orleans.

Captain Brown,
in the Bay on Mon
series, 44 days from

Alexandria

TUESDAY

The Cathedral L
ing agreeably to
and after 100 ticke
were again sealed
toured till Wedn
three o'clock,
The following a
numbers annexed:

Prizes of
Nos.
Prizes of
Nos. 693 2240
1017 8971 12380
12384.

Prizes of
Nos. 5 6 865 9
3472 3908 3535
7159 8739 9224
14394 17,392
14,135.

Gain of the whe

Total gain 445

Extract of a letter

don, to his friend

don, Sept. 5, 18

"I annex an ex

which it n

to those it may

You all ought b

equainted with y

forget that b

phias. In a war

the British and E

great hardship, in

will occur; n

that they, in their

parents."

Extract of a letter

"The Shepherd

and cargo being co

the blockade of Ha

...a leak, and went down immediately after being deserted. Her sails, cable, and about 100 barrels of the flour were preserved.

NORFOLK, November 1.

Arrived, schr. Unity, capt. Small, 18 days from St. Bartholomews. Oct. 27, in lat. 36, long. 75, spoke the schr. Concord, from Turk's Island bound to Baltimore. Fell in on the edge of the Gulf Stream with the pilot boat the Schooner Maryland of St. Mary's, out of provisions and had lost her main-mast.

The Prussian barque Industry, captain, Wieler, 46 days from Jersey. Oct. 29, off the Cape spoke the brig Traveller, of New Orleans bound to Baltimore.

Brig Jane captain Cook twenty four days from Port Antonio, bound to New York, in distress. Off Cape Antonio, on the 14th October was boarded by a French felucca, who robbed him of a punchion of rum, and a passenger of ten doubloons.

Schr. William and Henry, captain Spotwood, 34 days from Guadaloupe. Oct. 21, in lat. 33, 10, long. 72 41, spoke the schooner Daphne, De Forrest 18 days from Tortola, bound to New York. October 20, on soundings spoke the Schooner Anna Maria, Hugin, 14 days from Nevis, bound to East river, who had spoken two days before the schooner Sucky, capt. Hudgins, from Antigua bound to East river.

An English Frigate anchored in the Roads yesterday.

In Hampton Roads, bound to City Point the brig Petersburg, captain Vickery, 82 days from Cowes, bound to Petersburg. Lost in the late gale his foremast, foretopmast, quarter boards, staunchions and rails.

Ship Alexander, Ring, 50 days from Liverpool, bound to City Point. Spoke the ship New Adventure, M'Kenzie, 70 days from Figura, bound to Baltimore. Oct. 9, in lat. 40, long. 59, spoke the ship Eliza, Beverly, of Boston, bound to the Isle of France. Same day spoke the schooner Harriet, from Portsmouth, N.H. bound to Madeira.

Swedish brig Orpheus, Hagbert, 44 days from Valencia. British brig Alderney, Williams, 66 days from Gurnsey.

In Hampton Roads, schr. Friendship, Shaw, 17 days from Cape Nicholas Mole, bound to Baltimore; ship Eliza, Langford, and schooner Ceres, from Baltimore, sailed in company and have arrived below.

Sloop George, Brown, 25 days from N. Orleans.

Captain Brown, from Baltimore, spoke in the Bay on Monday last, the ship Robur, 44 days from Bordeaux.

Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6.

The Cathedral Lottery resumed its drawing agreeably to notice, on Saturday last, and after 100 tickets were drawn the wheels were again sealed, and the drawing adjourned till Wednesday evening next, at three o'clock.

The following are the prizes, with the numbers annexed:

Prizes of Fifty Dollars.

Nos. 288 8673.

Prizes of Twenty Dollars.

Nos. 693 2240 2359 4372 4708 6163 7017 8971 12380 12400 13427 13540 13584.

Prizes of Fifteen Dollars.

Nos. 5 6 865 915 973 1628 2163 2581 3072 3008 3535 4707 5267 5489 5542 7159 8739 9224 11,671 14,941 15,613 16,494 17,392 17,458 18,228 20,762 21,133.

Gain of the wheel this day 225 dollars. Total gain 445 dollars.

(Balt. Pap.)

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in London, to his friend in Boston, dated London, Sept. 5, 1804.

"I annex an extract of a letter to C—, which it may be well to communicate to those it may concern.

You all ought by this time, to be well acquainted with your duty as neutrals—on forget that belligerents have some rights. In a war between such nations as the British and French, many cases of great hardship, in which there is no remedy, will occur; neutrals must remember that they, in their turn, will become belligerents."

Extract of a letter to Mr. C— S—. "The Shepherdess, Miller, both vessel and cargo being condemned for a breach of the blockade of Havre, I beg to observe,

as you may be under some apprehensions of a blockade of the Dutch ports, and as Mr. Miller, unadvisedly cleared his vessel for Embden with an intention of going to Havre or one of the neighbouring ports, that until you have official notice of the blockade of the Dutch port you should clear out for the Dutch port you wish to enter. And when you receive such notice and are dubious of the continuance of the blockade you must not instruct your master to go to and enquire of the British cruisers off the blockade port, whether it exists or not, but make the enquiry in a British port. After notice is given you must not clear out for a blockaded port.

"The court considered captain Miller's destination to Embden as colorable, as a fraud; it certainly deceived our cruisers in the channel who on being informed that his destination was Embden suffered him to proceed. Had she been cleared for Fecamp or Dieppe, had the master steered for one of those ports only, she would not have been detained. Indeed all would have been well, notwithstanding the false destination, had not the captain after being fairly warned of the blockade of Havre, madly persisted in the attempted to enter that port.

"It appeared by the letter and bills of lading that Messrs. — and — had some knowledge of the colorable destination and their property on board was condemned. On freightage goods by other ships it is therefore necessary to enquire whether the owner of the ship has given any instructions to the master that may involve your property by his unneutral conduct.

"It is not probable that the Dutch ports will be blockaded."

Duane's Dinner.—We observe by the Aurora that there has been a democratic feast at Philadelphia in honor of Leib's reelection as a member of Congress, which event Duane calls "the triumph of Republicanism." Every body who knows the extreme worthlessness of the man whose success is thus spoken of, will agree in the aptness of the terms which Duane has applied to it. "The triumph of Republicanism," of that republicanism we mean which is now current, has become, and until there shall be a radical change in public opinion will every day become more and more the triumph of profligacy over principle, of folly over wisdom, of falsehood over truth, in short, of all those detestable vices which spring from the wild misrule of a licentious mob, over every thing that is great and good, and valuable in a well regulated community. Such a triumph the democrats of Philadelphia assembled to celebrate, and according to the account given of it by the "organ of the public will," it was in the true sans culotte style. As many of the poor half starved devils as could crowd into the room entered and took possession of the tables, where they continued no doubt until they had eat and drank enough to the honor and glory of republicanism. Those who could not be admitted to the first sitting, were in the mean while whetting their appetites on whiskey, the true republican liquor, in the adjoining room, in the hope of being at least permitted to know the bones and devour the fragments that were left. No sooner therefore had the first set of cormorants retired, than in rushed the lank and ravenous tribe who had been kept so long in hungry expectation of sharing in this civic festival. But lo! to their utter astonishment, not a scrap of any thing eatable was left—not even a bone or a crust to satisfy their craving maws. But says Duane, who by the bye had taken good care, as he generally does, to provide himself with a competent share of the loaves and fishes within his reach, this was of no kind of consequence, for eating was not the object, but "conviviality and joy," and they were accordingly entertained with "the pleasures of song and sentiment." An excellent entertainment truly for a parcel of half famished sovereigns—they must have been in high humour to have joined with their brethren in the jocund laugh and merry glee. To add to the enjoyment of this happy meeting too, we are told that "a band of wind instruments, and a band of music performed alternately during the evening." What those wind instruments were, as different from musical instruments, however, Duane has not condescended to inform us; on this point therefore, every one is left to form his own conjectures.

Of the toasts which were given on this occasion, we shall only notice two, one by Thomas Leiper, the other by William Duane. The first is, "The honest politician—and may the Almighty create more of them." The group which surrounded Leiper at this time, and its plentiful lack of every thing like honesty, very naturally suggested the wish thus aptly expressed,

It does not appear to have been honored with a single cheer; indeed it was rather too sarcastic for the occasion. To make amends however, for the silence with which this volunteer was gulped, when Dr. Leib was immediately afterwards given, no less than nine cheers echoed through the room. This was certainly as much as to say nine times in repetition, none of your honest politicians for us. Next comes Duane, "Our brethren in Louisiana. May the enemies of its acquisition, and of its ample and pacific possession, obtain a quietus in Perdidit." We dare say Duane looked at that moment as if he had said something very neat and witty: he had unluckily forgot, and he doubtless wishes that every body else had, what he sometime ago said about this same ample acquisition. Let us then refreshen his memory. In the Aurora of the 2d July, 1803, about the time when it was first rumored that we had purchased Louisiana, he declared his disbelief of the report, and actually called it a misrepresentation of the conduct of our government. "The United States, says he, stand in no present need of the immense countries of Louisiana. It would be injurious to our property to possess Louisiana in full sovereignty at this time." It follows therefore that Duane by his own acknowledgment has avowed himself an enemy to the ample and pacific possession of Louisiana, and consequently ought to take his quietus in Perdidit. Now to this we can certainly have no sort of objection, we shall not attempt to disturb his repose.

(N. Y. Eng. Post.)

A London paper of Sept. 14, says, "The Comet, formerly an East India packet, captured by the French and sent to Corunna, and there bought by an American House in London, and sent into Plymouth by Rear. Adm. Cochrane, from off Ferrol, stopped on presumption of being considered a recapture as she was condemned in a French port, tho' never out of a neutral harbour, has been examined by the Commissioners of Prizes, at that port; and the depositions of the Officers are sent forward to the Admiralty Court.—The decision for or against her being a recapture, under the existing circumstances, naturally involve a commercial question of some consequence to the mercantile world; she was purchased for 15,000 dollars at Corunna; is only three years old, & about 550 tons burthen; so that if a salvage is paid on her of one-eighth to the recaptors, she will still be a cheap ship to the American House that purchased her."

WILLIAM LADD,

Has imported per the Jane from Liverpool via Norfolk.

A small invoice of Woollens, consisting of Plains, Flannels, Kindall Cottons and Cloths now open and ready for sale.

—ALSO—

Per the Susan, via New York, An invoice of Irish Linnens, which are expected here by the first vessel.

Nov. 6

Favorage & Commission Ware-House.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have taken that very large and commodious house directly opposite Mr. Hodgson's on Prince street, and are now ready to receive on Storage or for sale on Commission, merchandizes, and produce of every description; their house is furnished with Prices Current, Rates of Exchange, Insurance &c.

Approved paper at 60 or 90 days given for a fair and valuable consideration in the course of trade, to any amount not exceeding twenty thousand dollars, discounted on moderate terms.

Wanted for eighteen months two thousand Dollars, the principal with a liberal interest will be secured by a deed of trust on property worth twice that sum.

For sale for cash, eighty shares Alexandria Marine Stock; and at 60 days one hundred hogheads Maryland Tobacco.

Wanted to purchase two hundred and thirty hogheads Petersburg and Richmond Tobacco at ninety days.

For Barter, for Wet or Dry Goods, a Warehouse and dwelling house on Prince street, that would answer for a store and family—Also a neat two story frame building, very handsomely situated in the North West suburbs of this town, which combines in a superior degree, a town and country residence, being convenient to all public business, and withall very retired.

To rent on very moderate terms the upper part of the house we occupy. It contains six spacious rooms, with a good kitchen, stable and other conveniences.

Flour received on storage, on very moderate terms.

Cash advanced upon saleable merchandize left at the warehouse.

Henry & Alexander Moore.

November 6.

conf.

Cash given for Rags.

Full

TO-MORROW the 7 o'clock will be sold on cargo of the schooner Job and 90 days, for approval.

—CONSIST—No. 1127.

82 Hhds. and 49

Sugar, 30 Hhds. fine clayed d. 20 Hhds. Molasses, 10 Bales Cotton, 300 Bushels St. Martins Salt, and 1000 lbs. Coffee.

Philip G. Maist sailing

N. v. 6.

BENJAMIN SHREVE, equal to Has just received—And for Packet be 37 pieces best Russia Sheetow lies at 500 pair men's strong shoes, a receive a 430 do. women's leather and 1000 freight November 6.

TON, Union

LOST,

On Sunday evening last, a red Morocco book containing a number of papers which he of no use to any person but myself.—In writing the book my name will appear under Y, R. P. Any person finding and leaving the same at this office will receive my thanks and a reasonable reward.

Walbert B. Pofey.

N. v. 6.

conf.

LOST OR MISLAID,

About four weeks ago a note negotiable at the Bank of Alexandria, dated 18th August 1804, drawn by George N. Lyles, payable sixty days after date to William H. Lyles or order, for two hundred dollars, which note is endorsed by William H. Lyles and David W. Scott, and has not been passed away or transferred by us to any person, therefore can be of no use to any one but ourselves, it being given us for property sold. A reward of five dollars will be given to any one who will return it; and all persons are forewarned from receiving said note in payment except duly authorized by us.

Alexander Smith & Son.

November 6.

dzw.

Mechanic Relief Society.

THE MEMBERS of the above SOCIETY will please to observe that the stated quarterly meeting will be held on Wednesday the 7th November, at 6 o'clock in the evening.

J. V. Thomas, Sec.

Nov. 3.

d3

TO BE SOLD,

A SECOND HAND COACHEE

In complete order, it has thick plate glass in front, back, and doors, real venetian blinds in the doors and quarters, with curtains outside and squabs within. The front can be taken out, and the driver's chair off, so as to run like a common open front coach. There is harness for two horses. Enquire of the Printer.

October 23.

eo.

FOR SALE,

Either for Cash or on a Credit,

A second hand CHARIOT,

Well built and in good order—ALSO,

A pair of large BLACK HORSES accustomed to draw together, and of quiet tempers.

Enquire of the Printer.

October 11.

coim

TO RENT,

A convenient TWO STORY HOUSE, in a very pleasant situation on Duke street; ALSO—A TEN ACRE LOT, near Mr. Harthorne's Mill, a Gardner can be accommodated with a part, or the whole of this LOT on very easy terms. Apply to

Gurdin Chapin.

October 12.

co3w

For Sale.

ANY GENTLEMAN desirous of purchasing STUD HORSES of the first description, of good performances, and well attested Pedigrees, can be accommodated, by applying to THOMAS LARKIN, (Mr. Tayloe's, training Grooms,) at the Washington Jockey Club Races, the 13th November next.

N. B. Any of the above horses remaining unsold, will be farmed out the ensuing season, on liberal terms.

Oct.

3f.

TO LET,

A two story FRAME HOUSE on King, between Pitt and St. Asaph streets, in a good situation for a retail store.—Also, a one story HOUSE on St. Asaph, between King and Prince streets, and a STORE on King, at the corner of Royal street. For terms apply to

Adam Lynn.

Who has just received,

A case of GUNS, and a few pair of gilt farm pier LOOKING GLASSES, DRESSING GLASSES, &c. &c. &c.

Aug. 24.

eo

CATIONS.

ND FOR SALE BY,
NEDY, Sen.

King-Street.
ral Washington

imate and Soil of the

works of Col. Humphrey's,
of Dr. Darwin. 5 Vol. Calf Gilt,
of Lorenzo de Medicis, do. do.
ry of the Westford Infurrection,
Structures in the Urethra,
Surgical Observations,
emistry, 3 Vol.
conomy of Nature,
Chemical Essays,
ilosophy,
Correspondence,
s on Jefferson's Notes on Virginia
istory Nos. 28, and 29. 3
20. co

BY AUTHORITY.

Scheme of a Lottery,
an Academy in the City of Richmond.

Prize, last drawn ticket having
a blank to its number, 20,000

1 do	10,000
1 do	5,000
5 do	of 1,000 make 5,000
6 do	of 500 3,000
10 do	of 200 2,000
20 do	of 100 2,000
100 do	of 50 5,000
250 do	of 30 7,500
250 do	of 25 10,500
1,500 do	of 20 30,000
3,000 do	of 15 45,000
1 first drawn ticket after 1000 having a blank to its number,	250
1 do after 2,000 do	250
1 do after 3,000 do	250
1 do after 4,000 do	250
1 do after 5,000 do	500
1 do after 6,000 do	500
1 do after 8,000 do	500
1 do after 10,000 do	500
1 do after 12,000 do	500
1 do after 13,000 do	500
1 do after 14,000 do	7,000

5,325 prizes 150,000
9,675 blanks—not two to a prize.

15,000 tickets at 10 dollars each, 150,000
N. B. Prizes subjected to a deduction of fifteen per cent.

This Lottery has been authorized by the legislature of Virginia, for the laudable purpose of erecting a seminary of learning in or near the metropolis of this State. With this view it is contemplated to raise 20,000 dollars, and 2,500 dollars in addition, for defraying the expenses attendant on drawing the lottery. Citizens of the first respectability have been selected as trustees, and they have pledged themselves to use their utmost exertions to carry it into effect. The scheme has the advantage of giving to each adventurer's chance for some very large prizes, whilst the proportion of prizes to blanks, is so great as to induce the friends of the intended institution to participate in the lottery, with very little risk of their being disappointed. The trustees of this State is authorized to receive the money for the lottery, and to pay the amount of prizes to the successful adventurers. It is believed that the success of the lottery will induce a large number of subscribers, and the drawing will commence as soon as a sufficient number shall be sold to authorize it—which it is believed will be on the second Monday in December next.

Richmond, Jan. 31, 1804. co

Tickets to be had of Robert Pollard, Dr. J. Breckenborough, sen. Wm. Price, (Reg.) Samuel Pleasants, jun. and Wm. Pritchard.

Land for Sale.

WE wish to sell a tract of LAND containing between four and five hundred acres, situated on the Potomac, in Fairfax county, about 3 miles from town, and adjoining General Thompson's farm. This property in point of elegance of situation, is exceeded by none, and will be sold low for cash or on a short credit.

Walter S. Alexander,

John Luke,

For the heirs of Phil. Alexander, deceased
August 13. co.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

Have commenced the HARRING business in the Store on Fairfax Street formerly occupied by Patton and Butcher.

They have now on hand and offer for sale at the most reduced prices.

LADIES and GENTLEMEN'S fine & coarse Hats; Ladies' Bonnets and Hat trimmings, &c. and intend being constantly supplied with the best articles in their line.

Country Merchants supplied with Hats by wholesale on the most reasonable terms.

G. W. POLLOCK & Co.

October 20. co 21

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

FINLEY & LYNN,

Have received per Ship United States from Liverpool.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Hardware, Brasses and Japanned Ware and Cutlery,

Which they offer for sale on very moderate terms, Wholesale and Retail, at their Store, corner of Fairfax and Prince Street, lately occupied by Ricketts, Newton & Co.

AMONG WHICH ARE,

Carpenters Tools,

Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Latches, Nails, Screws
Cabinet Furniture
Plated and Tinned Saddlery,
Japanned Tea Trays in Sets, &c.
Grates, Fenders, Shovel & tongs, and Iron
Coal Hods,
Plate Baskets, and plate Warmers,
Patent Steel Knives, Curriers Knives,
Knives and Forks, Pen Knives, Scissors
Razors,
Guns, Pistols, Powder Flasks, Shot Belts,
Flints,
Spades, Shovels, and Frying Pans,
Bar Iron, and Steel.

PATENT SHOT,

and a few pair Gilt Frame Pier Glasses.
October 17. d3co.

ADAM LYNN,

JEWELLER.

Respectfully informs the public that he has removed his shop below Royal Street next door to Wm. Oxley's Store, where he offers for sale an elegant assortment of Jewellery. Silver Plated, Japanned and Fancy Goods; consisting of—Gold Locketts, Rings, Bracelets, Ear Rings, Seals, Keys, Chains, &c. Silver Coffee Pots, Tea Pots, Sugar Dishes, Cream Pots, Spoons, &c. Plated Tea Setts, Caddies, Candlesticks, Cake Baskets, Bottle Stands, &c. Japanned Tea Trays in Sets, Waiters, and Urns, and a great variety of Fancy Goods, and an assortment of Watches.

He has lately received direct from London, Pearl, Pearl and Topaz, Topaz Mourning and Plain, Ear Rings, Brooches, Pins, and Rings of the latest Fashions; Watch Cases of a new pattern also an elegant assortment of Ladies' Trimmings, consisting of large Spangled Girdles & Tassels, Fancy Spangled Nets, Beaded Gimp, Gilt & Fancy Sprays, Wreaths, Silk and Beaded Fancy Trimmings, Gilt Spangled Loops and Buttons, Gilt and Silver Buttons, Silk Girdles, Patent Pearl Combs, Cufflinks, Ruffs, Egyptian Blood Stone and Fancy Necklaces, Bracelets, Ear Drops, Puffs, Cufflinks and Slides, Gold & Silver Lace, Cords and Spangles, and a number of other articles.
Oct. 30. co 11

BENJAMIN COCKE,

HAS RECEIVED,

And is now opening an assortment of

FALL GOODS,

AMONG WHICH ARE,

Superfine and second Cloths, Cas-
simeres, Swanstown, Coatings, Olean & Elastic
Cloths, Forrest do. Plaines, Kerseys, and Half-
thicks, Rose & Duffell Blacketts; Flannels, worsted,
Cotton and Silk Hosiery; Ladies Lace Caps,
Handkerchiefs and Sleeves Lace, Cambric,
Mullin do. do. Shawls, Spider Weeds, do.
Cambric Mullin, Buck do. India, do. do. Silk
Plush do. Velvet, Silk and Cotton Girdles, Ca-
liques, Chinizes, Camels hair Shawls, Extra long
Silk and Wash leather gloves, Irish Linen, Gur-
rahs, Ticklenburgs, Hosiery, &c. &c.

A case of FASHIONABLE HATS.

Oct. 20. d1wco2w.

Valuable Lands, and Mill Seat for Sale.

In pursuance of a Decree of Fairfax County Court, passed at their last session; I will positively sell on the premises, on Thursday, the 20th of Dec. next, at 12 o'clock for the purposes in the said decree mentioned. The tract of land, on which the mill of James and Daniel Douglas lately stood in Fairfax county, near the mouth of Difficult Creek, together with what remains of the said mill. It contains 120 acres by survey. The seat has always been considered as a valuable one; it is about one mile below the Great Falls, and not more than half a mile from the Potomac. The stream is large and constant affording a good supply of water, at all seasons. The improvements which still remain are a good dwelling house, kitchen and coopers shop, and there are also several lots well improved and in a high state of cultivation. One third of the amount of the purchase must be paid in hand, one third in twelve and the balance in eighteen months from the day of sale, and on the completion of the last payment a title will be made to the premises under the decree above mentioned.

John Potts, Commissioner.

Oct. 25. co 31
The printer of the Washington Federalist at Washington, and Frederick Town Herald, at Frederick Town Maryland, are requested to publish the above once a week until the day of sale, and forward their accounts to this office for payment.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Wishing to remove from this State offers for sale the following PROPERTY—VIZ:

A MERCHANT MILL, newly built, and completely fixed for both Merchant and Country work; overshot eighteen feet water wheels, four feet head, double gear'd; excellent Burrs, good country stones; excellent bolting cloths, and all other necessities in good order. Lying in the county of Fauquier, State of Virginia, on the headwaters of Rappahannock known by the name of Ferry run; an everflowing stream, central, and most vacant situation, having as great, or greater run of custom, as any mill in the county, within 12 miles of the Blue Ridge, being an excellent wheat county, the flour is well known to pass equal to any in the State and at the same place a store house, a complete small dwelling house, stable, and other necessary houses. A small Farm containing 100 acres under tolerable cultivation, about 6 acres of excellent meadow can be had near the said mill, a handsome & conveniently situated place, room for great improvement. 308 acres of Land lying in Culpepper County, on the main branch of Rappahannock, within one mile of said Merchant Mill, the plantation under tolerable cultivation, with an excellent Mill seat on the said river, having a Mill which with a little repairing can be made able to do a considerable country work. A distillery consisting of three stills, and a large boiler, together with all the necessities belonging thereto. Four hundred acres of leafy hold land in Fairfax manor, within a few miles of said Merchant Mill, convenient so as to accommodate the purchaser with timber, to supply said Mill with barrel staves, and other necessities. Two thousand acres of land lying in Culpepper county, under lease for short and long terms, the greater part of which will soon be clear of incumbrance, having fresh plantations, tolerable young orchards under good cultivation. The well known stand occupied by myself and others formerly in the mercantile business at the cross roads, on the main manor road, allowed to be equal to any country stand within the State, consisting of a well calculated Store House, excellent Granary, Public House, good Blacksmith shop with a set of tools. The purchaser can have in addition to those improvements, about 1000 acres of leafy hold land, for three lives, small rent with all the improvements, tolerable dwelling, good necessary houses, excellent orchards, good meadows, in good farming order. All the above mentioned property lies within 15 miles distance of each other—will be sold altogether or part, so as to suit the purchaser, or purchasers; some cash in advance, Negroes in part, and long credit on the balance. The terms will be made easy to suit the parties. If not sold immediately part of the mentioned improvements will be rented for a small term.

For terms apply to me, living at the Merchant Mill.

ELIJAH ARNOLD.

Fauquier County, Vir. }
Oct 7 1804. }
October 26. co.

JAMES SANDERSON,

At his store the corner of King and Fairfax streets,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

The following articles of the best quality:

London P. Madeira Wine in

pipes and quarter casks,

Old Sherry in quarter casks,

Dry Lisbon do.

Old Port in bottles,

Cogniac Brandy,

Jamaica Spirit,

Holland Gin,

Whiskey,

Loaf Sugar,

British Sail Canvas, Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and 7,

Rosin do. first quality,

Juniper Berries in bags,

Coarse Hats in cases,

Pickle and Preserving Pots, Jugs, &c.

Aug. 8. d

ELECTRICITY!

In PARALYTIC, & all nervous diseases

even mental derangement and loss of use of limbs

have been restored. GLANDULAR and other

TUMORS, SCHRUPHULOUS ULCERS, and WHITE

SWELLING OF THE JOINTS, INFLAMMATIONS OF

the EYES, and OBSTRUCTED VISIONS, DRAPE

NESS and NOISES in the EARS—PERIODICAL

PAINS in the head CURED. Benefits derived

from ELECTRICITY are daily increasing, in

cases eluding every other means. And should

some late extraordinary reliefs in ASTHMA, and

other, diseases of the lungs be confirmed, its use

fulness must be extended to benefits hitherto not

contemplated. As a particular account is taken

it may be referred to and patients also.

Hours of Electrifying, from 9 to 12 A. M.

and 4 to 6 P. M.

Patent Perpendicular teeth Extractor.

By this means the long desired object of ex-

traction is obtained, and the Gums and Jaw pre-

served from the common injuries. Apply to

C. DOUGLAS.

Lower End of Prince Street,

Where a room is set apart for Electrical expe-

riments.

October 9. 2aw3w

FALL GOODS.

CUTHBERT POWELL,

Has received per the United States, a principal part of his FALL GOODS; the balance is daily expected. He is now opening them at the Store three doors below that occupied by him hitherto, and offers them for Sale on moderate terms, October 3. d1w 2w2aw

FOR SALE.

The frame HOUSE and LOT in which Thomas Williams, now lives on Prince between Pitt and Royal Streets. In case it should not be sold at private sale it will be offered at public sale on Monday the 31 Dec. next. Its terms apply to,

SAMUEL CRAIG,

October 22. 21w

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA,

County of Alexandria, ff.

June Term, 1804.

Jotham Post, Jun. plaintiff,

AGAINST

Mary Brown, widow, Ma-

ry Brown, Margaret Ja-

msion and Jane Brown,

sisters and coheirs of

Samuel Montgo. Brown,

deceased,

defendants.

The said defendants, Mary Brown, (widow), and Mary Brown, Margaret Jamieson, and Jane Brown, not having entered their appearances, and given security, according to the rules of the court; and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that they are not inhabitants of this district; or in possession of the said complainant, by his counsel.—It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the first day of November next, and answer the complainant's bill; and that a copy of this order, be forthwith inserted in both the public newspapers published in this county, for two months successively, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of the said county.

A copy—Test,

G. DENEALE, c. c.

Sept. 25. law2w

TO RENT OR LEASE,

A Mill, not long since built, on the North side of the Rappahannock River at the Falls, just above the towns of Fredericksburg and Falmouth, in a fine wheat and corn country. She has at present one pair of stones for wheat and one pair for corn, with a Kiln annexed. The corn stones will be taken out and replaced with a pair for wheat if desired, and any thing else done that may be necessary to make her completely a manufacturing mill. There is on the premises a convenient house for a Miller with a small family. The terms will be reasonable. For further particulars apply to

Robt. Dunbar.

Falmouth (Virginia) Oct. 24. 2aw3w4.

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria, are hereby requested to take notice; That the President and Directors of the said Insurance Company, have this day unanimously ordered, that the said Stockholders pay on the sixth day of December next, at their office in Alexandria, three dollars on each share of stock held by them in the stock of the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

A reference to the following extract of the law of incorporation will shew the necessity of a punctual attention to this call.

By order of the President and Directors of the Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

James B. Nickolls, Sec'y,

Extract from the Act of Incorporation

"And if any subscriber, his executors, administrators or assigns, shall fail to pay the sum called for by him, her or them, at the time appointed for such payment, every such share shall be forfeited, and all the monies paid thereupon for the use of the Company, and the holder or holders of such share or shares, shall moreover be liable for the remaining sums of money, when the same shall be called for by the President and Directors; to be recovered by them where the sum shall amount to twenty dollars and upwards, by motion in any Court of Record within this Commonwealth, giving the holder or holders of such shares, their executors or administrators, ten days notice of such motion, and where the sum called for be less than twenty dollars, by petition or warrant as the case may be."

Alex. October 18.

Mr. Bowen, of Winchester; Mr. Green, of Fredericksburg; and Mr. Davis, of Richmond are requested to insert the above advertisement in their respective papers, twice a week six weeks.

Alexandria Bank Shares

FOR SALE—apply to

James Patton, d

PRINTED DAILY BY

S. SNOWDEN.

Vol. IV.]

On TUE

At 10 o'clock, will

R

In hds. and bls.

Gin in pipes and bls.

Whiskey and Apple

Sugar in hds. tier

Chocolate

White and brown S

Mould and dipt C

Raisins in kegs, bo

Figs in kegs and fr

Queen's Ware in

HOUSEHOL

&c.

A Variety o

am

Cloths, Coat

Duffin, Plains, K

Serge, Elasticke,

Calimancoes, Ruff

Chintzes and Call

Irish Linens, Silke

Onaburps and T

Muslin and Musl

India Muslins and

Bandanna Handk

Colour'd Thread

articles.

August 29.

ARMINIA

Subscriptions are

COTTOM and S

titled,

THE S

Or, the Armin

The Carnal

In

Part I. The Ar

fal Charity pursued

demmed, executed,

Part II. The

with comments on

ture. In a series

times to friends in

for Conditions,

are.

It is the opinion

men, that the abo

work and principl

fully proves, from

the doctrine of fre

is unfounded.

FRA

JOHN

Late Dyson's Sto

received, per

Brothers Ret